## Engr 325 - Instrumentation - HW#6 Lab 9 - a lab of your design

On March 7 and 8 the ENGR-325 lab will be one that you design. The expectation that you will do some sort of measurement as part of the lab. Likely the measurement will involve using a sensor and electronic measurement equipment (I'm not ruling out an all mechanical measurement, but it must be more than just using calipers or similar). If you have an idea related to your senior project or a personal interest, that is good. If no ideas come to mind, I list some possibilities below.

For Monday, Feb. 22, ENGR-325 homework # 6 is to:

- 1) Pick a lab 9 topic
- 2) Convince another person to join you.
- 3) Work up a draft description of the lab:
  - a) A statement of what you will be attempting to measure.
  - b) Goals such as how "good" the measurement needs to be.
  - c) Identification of variables and parameters that must be considered, i.e a first draft of what needs to be done correctly to get good results.
  - d) Resources required, i.e. materials and instrumentation.

## Lab Project Ideas

- 1) Determination of material modulus of elasticity from vibration analysis A 1/4" thick, 1" wide cantilever has 4 strain gauges mounted on it. Excite the bar, digitize the waveform created by the electrical output of the strain gauges, and process the data to find young modules.
- Thermistor based flow meter
  Flow can be determined with two thermistor temperature sensors. A thermistor is a
  resistor that is very sensitive to temperature, i.e. its resistance is highly temperature
  dependant. For flow detection, pass a current through the thermistor & note the change of
  - dependant. For flow detection, pass a current through the thermistor & note the chang resistance as the flow (and hence heat transfer from thermistor to fluid) changes. The second thermistor is used to measure the ambient temperature of the fluid.
- 3) Vibration analysis of a defective bearing monitor vibration with microphone, amplify, digitize with A/D, fft to find frequencies.
- 4) Calibrate an LVDT transducer.
- 5) Loudspeaker characterization

Frequency response on axis

Frequency response vs angle off-axis

6) Calibrate a MTS-103 solid state (transistor) type temperature sensor using a thermistor as a reference, along with boiling pt and freezing point references.